

## HW4 solution

a) The Green function is

$$G_D(\vec{r}, \vec{r}') = \frac{1}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|} - \frac{1}{|\vec{r}_* - \vec{r}'|}$$

where  $\vec{r}_* = (x, y, -z)$  is the position of the image charge. In the explicit form

$$G(\vec{r}, \vec{r}') = [(x-x')^2 + (y-y')^2 + (z-z')^2]^{-1/2} - [(x-x')^2 + (y-y')^2 + (z+z')^2]^{-1/2}$$

The symmetry  $\vec{r} \leftrightarrow \vec{r}'$  and the boundary condition  $G(\vec{r}, \vec{r}')|_{z=0} = 0$  are evident.

b) From the Eq. (2.7) we get

$$\phi(\vec{r}) = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_V d^3x' G_D(\vec{r}, \vec{r}') \rho(\vec{r}') - \frac{1}{4\pi} \int dx' dy' \phi(\vec{r}') \frac{\partial G_D(\vec{r}, \vec{r}')}{\partial n'} \Big|_{z'=0}$$

In our case  $\rho = 0$  and

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial n'} G_D(\vec{r}, \vec{r}') \Big|_{z'=0} = - \frac{\partial}{\partial z'} G_D(\vec{r}, \vec{r}') \Big|_{z'=0} = \frac{-2z}{[(x-x')^2 + (y-y')^2 + z^2]^{3/2}}$$

so one obtains

$$\begin{aligned}
& \phi(s, \varphi, z) \\
&= \frac{zV}{2\pi} \int_0^a s' ds' \int_0^{2\pi} d\varphi' \frac{1}{[s^2 + s'^2 + z^2 - 2ss' \cos(\varphi - \varphi')]^{3/2}} \\
&= \frac{zV}{2\pi} \int_0^a s' ds' \int_0^{2\pi} d\varphi' \frac{1}{[s^2 + s'^2 + z^2 - 2ss' \cos \varphi']^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

c) If  $s = 0$  the above eqn. reduces to

$$\phi(s, \varphi, z) = zV \int_0^a s' ds' \frac{1}{(s'^2 + z^2)^{3/2}} = V \left(1 - \frac{z}{\sqrt{z^2 + a^2}}\right)$$

d) At  $s^2 + z^2 \gg s'^2$

$$\begin{aligned}
\phi(s, \varphi, z) &= \frac{zV}{2\pi} \int_0^a s' ds' \int_0^{2\pi} d\varphi' \frac{1}{(s^2 + z^2)^{3/2}} \\
&\times \left[1 + \frac{3ss' \cos \varphi' - \frac{3}{2}s'^2}{s^2 + z^2} + \frac{15[s \cos \varphi' - \frac{s'^2}{2}]^2}{2(s^2 + z^2)^2} + \dots\right] \\
&= \frac{zV}{(s^2 + z^2)^{3/2}} \int_0^a s' ds' \left[1 - \frac{3s'^2}{2(s^2 + z^2)} + \frac{15(2s^2s'^2 + s'^4)}{8(s^2 + z^2)^2} + \dots\right] \\
&= \frac{Vza^2}{2(s^2 + z^2)^{3/2}} \left[1 - \frac{3a^2}{4(s^2 + z^2)} + \frac{15a^2s^2 + 5a^4}{8(s^2 + z^2)^2} + \dots\right]
\end{aligned}$$